Case	2:19-cv-05465-AB-AFM Document 176-12 F #:7163	Filed 12/04/20 Page 1 of 5 Page ID
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19	UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT CENTRAL DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA	
20 21	WILLIAM MORRIS ENDEAVOR ENTERTAINMENT, LLC, <i>et al.</i> ,	Case No. 2:19-cv-05465-AB-AFM
22	Plaintiffs and Counterclaim Defendants,	DECLARATION OF GEOFF
23	V.	BETTS IN OPPOSITION TO PRELIMINARY INJUNCTION
24	WRITERS GUILD OF AMERICA, WEST, INC., <i>et al.</i> ,	MOTIONS
25	Defendants and Counterclaimants,	Hearing Date: Dec. 18, 2020
26	and PATRICIA CARR, <i>et al.</i>	Hearing Time: 10:00am Location: Courtroom 7B
27	Counterclaimants.	Judge: Hon. André Birotte, Jr.
28		
	BETTS DECL. IN OPP. TO PRELIMINARY INJUNC	TION MOTION; Case No. 2:19-cv-05465-AB-AFM

1 I, Geoff Betts, declare as follows:

2 1. I make this declaration from my personal knowledge and could testify
3 competently to its contents.

2. Since 2019, I have worked as the Director of Contract Enforcement
and Credits at Writers Guild of America, East ("WGAE," and, collectively with its
sister union Writers Guild of America, West, "the Guilds"). Prior to assuming my
present position, I was employed as a Business Agent by WGAE, which I joined in
2007.

9 3. As the Director of Contract Enforcement and Credits at WGAE my
10 primary duty is enforcing, on behalf of Guild members, many of the Guilds'
11 collective bargaining agreements, including the Guilds' agreement with signatory
12 production studios—the Writers Guild Theatrical and Television Basic Agreement
13 ("MBA").

14 4. Under the WGAE Constitution and By-Laws ("Constitution"), writers become eligible for membership only after working as a writer under a Guild 15 collective bargaining agreement—such as the MBA—or selling a script they have 16 written under a Guild collective bargaining agreement. Producers who do not also 17 18 work as writers are ineligible for WGAE membership. Moreover, if a WGAE 19 member ceases to be employed as a writer under a WGA collective bargaining 20agreement, he or she loses membership status after a period of time (usually ten 21 years). The only exception to this rule is for a class of "lifetime" members who meet certain criteria for a sustained career and are thus recognized by their peers as 22 writers despite their retirement from the craft. 23

5. Article XVI of the Constitution provides that the WGAW may adopt
"Working Rules governing the working relationships of members with employers,
agents, agents and others with whom writers have professional dealings in
connection with writing services." Working Rule 23 provides that "[n]o writer
shall enter into a representation agreement whether oral or written, with any agent

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who has not entered into an agreement with the Guild covering minimum terms
and conditions between agents and their writer clients." Violations of the working
rules can result in the imposition of discipline on a member in accordance with
Article X of the Constitution, subject to the notice and hearing requirements
contained in Article X.B. In accordance with Working Rule 23, WGA members
were not permitted to be represented by talent agencies that had not entered into a
franchise agreement with the WGA as of April 13, 2019.

6. Only Guild members engaged in employment pursuant to the MBA
are covered by Guild working rules, including Working Rule 23. Thus, a Guild
member acting only in a non-writing capacity—for example, only as a producer or
director—is not subject to Guild working rules and is not prohibited from being
represented by a non-franchised agency as to such non-writing work. However, a
Guild member engaged primarily in writing work as well as additional non-writing
work covered by Article 14 of the MBA *is* subject to Guild working rules.

15 7. There are producers on some series who are not writers and who are not typically Guild members. These are usually executives of production 16 companies who may supervise the logistics and budgets of series. Also, sometimes 17 18 a director will serve as an executive producer of a series. They are well-known to 19 those on the series as "non-writing executive producers" and typically monitor the schedules and budgets to affirm the decisions of the writer-showrunner. The work 20 21 of such producers is not covered by the MBA; they typically have not worked as writers in the industry; and no money is paid into the Guilds' benefit funds as a 22 23 result of such work. Such executive producers are not covered by WGA Working 24 Rule 23 regarding representation for their work. In rare cases, a non-writing 25 executive producer may serve as the showrunner. It is well established that such 26 non-writing showrunners are not employed under the MBA and are not subject to Working Rule 23. 27

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8. Over the last few years, I have been involved on a daily basis in the 2

Guilds' campaign with respect to regulating talent agent conflicts of interest. 1 2 WGAE's communications, as well as the Guilds' in general, have been clear that Working Rule 23 does not apply to members working only in non-writing 3 capacities but does apply to those doing non-writing work covered by Article 14 of 4 the MBA. The Guilds' communications to their members regarding Working Rule 5 23 state that "TV writer/producer[s]"—i.e., hyphenates covered by Article 14— 6 7 "cannot... be represented as a producer by an agency not signed to the Code of Conduct," Dkt. 42-5 at 2, but further state that "[t]he Guild cannot direct you to 8 9 leave your agency for non-writing areas of work," Dkt. 42-4 at 11. In making this 10 distinction clear to their members, the Guilds sought to prevent hyphenates and their non-franchised agencies from evading Working Rule 23 by recharacterizing 11 12 MBA-covered employment as strictly non-writing work, while noting that 13 members may still be represented by non-franchised agencies for legitimate non-14 writing work that had never been covered by the MBA.

9. The WGAE Contract Enforcement and Credits Department has
 received questions from WGAE staff and members concerning Working Rule 23
 compliance, and WGAE staff give advice consistent with Guild policy as reflected
 in Working Rule 23 and the Guilds' communications in the immediately preceding
 paragraph.

20 10. Article XVI of the Constitution provides that violations of the WGAE
21 Code of Working Rules are subject to discipline under Article X of the
22 Constitution. To date, since April 12, 2019, there have been no formal disciplinary
23 proceedings and no disciplinary action taken against any member on the basis of a
24 Working Rule 23 violation.

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I declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the United States of America that the foregoing is true and correct. Executed this 3rd day of December, 2020 at New York, New York. Sall LOR Geoff Betts BETTS DECL. IN OPP. TO PRELIMINARY INJUNCTION MOTION; Case No. 2:19-cv-05465-AB-AFM